THE SUICIDE OF A SUITOR.

NLSS, AND DEATH. The Melancholy End of the Greatest Harpist to America. The Last Letters of a Luna-tic-Cruci Aspersions upon the Character of a Good and Virtuous Girl.

INREQUITED LOVE, DRINK, MAD-

Louis Tita Rocco, formerly of Theodore Thomas's orchestra, and latterly a member of the Parepa-Rosa opera troupe, was found dead in his bed in Mrs. Ellen Parson's fashionable boarding house, at 42 South Washington square, yesterday, with a pistol shot through his mouth. Shortly after noon Mrs. Parsons entered the Mercer street police station and told Capt. Byrnes that a Mr. Rocco, one of her boarders, had not been seen since Monday night; that she thought he might be in his room, whose door was locked, and that she had repeatedly tried to gain admission, but in vain. The Captain sent Sergeants Murray and Young to the house, and they ascended to the fourth floor and found the door of Rocco's room still fastened. They knocked loudly, but there was no answer, and then they forced the lock and went in. A fearful spectacle met their gaze. Rocco lay on the bed in his night clothes, his face almost unrecognizable from the blood that covered it. The bed clothes, the walls, and the matting was spattered with blood, but otherwise the room was in good order. Rocco was stretched out at full length, his head turned a little to one side. In his right hand was a silver-mounted seven-shooter, with one chamber empty, and in his left a small and beautiful medallion keness of a sweet-faced young girl, a letter in Italian wrapped around it, and another letter in an envelope and in the same language, and a bunch of keys held close against the picture. The likeness was that of the landlady's daughter. with whom Rocco had been desperately in love. His friends were informed of his tragic death, and Coroner Young was sent for. The letter wrapped around the medallion was translated

LETTERS FROM A CRAZY MAN.

[No Address] my God, knowing that I shall soon be in his treasure—my true dunge—that I surprised the yong girl, ——th forg Branch with her oldest brother and in company of thever saturday, 224. not the note can bear testimony. He saw and my refusal, because I reit my life in danger, and I latery departed for New York, saying I was sick unred inamediately to New York on Sanday, and hasy I saw her, and now she seeks my run for at I will say something. This that I write is the I cannot he, as I woun go to eternal punishment. I swear, I swear.

L. I. Rocco. The envelope on the other letter was addressed old hand, "Mr. Francesco Schleiss, care of vanni & Co., 120 Third avenue, city," and

and was an excellent violinist. He was quiet and reserved, and cared little for company, alough he occasion sorts of Italians was handsome, had black hair and eyes, i goatee. Few friends vior nothing was knewn he had lived there a came enamored of his Marie Louiss, a modest L dy's daughter.

ADSINTHE.

ABSINTER, and was often under the influence of it. Mr. Vines cautioned him not to use it, but his caution was unneeded, and Rocco daily became more addicted to the drug. Latterly he determined to tnake Mare his bride, and repeated his proposals of marriage with more than usual fervor. She always declined his offers, and directed him to see her in ther. The mother said that he should not wed her daughter, and at leight hold him that if he wished to remain in the house he must say no more on the subject. that he should not wed her daughter, and at length toid him that if he wished to remain in the house he must say no more on the subject. He drank harder than ever, and on all possible constants begged Marie Louise to accept his hand. He asked her to accompany him to places of amusement, but she would not. Once she went with him to Central Park, and several times walked with him in the neighborhood of Washington square. He showed her HIS REVOLVER.

HIS REVOLVER.

and said that should any one interfere between her and himself that person must die, and added that he could not live without her. She was frightened and feared he might do her injury, as she felt she could never be happy with him. The mother began to dread his approach, as he always beset her with offers to marry her daughter.

out a week ago Marie went to Long Branch at a week ago Marie went to Long Branch er eidest brother. Solon, and boarded at trendon Hotel. During ner absence Rocco nisually despondent, and complained of On Friday evening he told Mrs. Parsons intended to go away on the following arrior a short time, and directed her to friends that he was ill, and wished rest from the city. He declined to tell his ly where he was going, and early Saturday ar went away. On that day Marie entered him in the Clarendon Hotel at Long He and a backet of the city. have spent his money for he carried the flowers to e breathed easter. When he re-our may place in the evening he and on Sunday Marie was at home. be, and on Sunday Marie was at home, elved her pleasantly, and was very with his friend, Mr. Vines. On Monday he tild Marie that he had a present and asked her to go with him to his she said no and he was angry.

THE NIGHT BEFORE DEATH. THE NIGHT BEFORE DEATH.

In the evening Mrs. Parsons, Marie, and Rocco on the front stoop. Rocco toid now glad he had the time was drawing near when he wild again play in the Academy, and was in y seed numer. Later in the evening he asked reto was within, saying that he was undead which was to recto which will be procure some medicine, but was forcet to go alone, as she would not achipany him. He seemed deeply grieved, and the paid he retired for the night wid that he type had. On lucaday he was not seen. In the toe he retired for the might s ind that he twee bad. On lucesday he was not seen. In sevening Mrs. Parsons knocked at his doer, there was no response. She feared that he still assault her if she aroused mm, and waited his appearance at the breakfast table yester-ymorning, but he did not appear. She went his room again. The door was still fastened, a fill was still. Then she called the police, when the door was forced by them entered. Jound him dead. His watch had stopped twenty minutes past 12. Among other things and in the room were seven bottles of another. There was about \$70 in his pockets. His thing, eight coats, seven pairs of pantaloons, vests, and a quantity of underwear, with his lendid harp and vioiln, were taken by the pose.

A Sun reporter yesterday afternoon visited the large brown-stone dwelling in which Rocco died, and was received by one of Mrs. Parsons's daughters, who said that they fell hitle like talking, as they were in deep distress. The reporter daughters, who said that they feit little like talk-daughters, who said that they feit little like talk-like, as they were in deep distress. The reporter was invited into the parior, and was soon joined in

by the aged mother of Marie, and afterward by

The mother seemed much troubled. Marie was attired in plain black, and wore a nest little linen collar, without bows or other ornaments. Her dark hair was brushed back, and her pale complexion and bright eves, whose lids were sightly inflamed, showed that she had been weeping. She walked quickly and gracefully, and when she sat down was the picture of innocence and modesty. An older sister was in the room, When they learned that the reporter had translations of the letters they were suxious to hear them read. They were astonished, and said Rocco must have been insane when he wrote them. She said she was afraid of Rocco; he constantly annoyed her, and she could not make him understand that she would never marry him. Then she and her mother told their story, which is in sutstance that given above. Mario was calm and collected, but her mother was very indignant about the letters, saying that Rocco had gone to meet his Maker with an untruth on his lips. The boarders and others were surprised when they learned what Rocco had written, and agreed with Marie that he must have been out of his mind when he penned the words. They said she was a rost estimable young woman. & Rocco's remains were taken to Senior & Benedict's in Carmine street and put in ice. To-day Dr. Marsh will make a post mortem examination. THE PAMILY'S STORY.

THE MONARCH OF THE WAVE.

Commodore Vauderbilt's Gift to be Known as the Three Brothers-The Largest and the Fastest Salting Vessel in the World. Correspondence of The Sun.

ago, as was duly announced in the columns of THE SUN, the Government sold the United States man-of-war Vanderbilt by auction to the Howes Brothers for \$42,000 currency, about five per cent, of her original cost. The old craft's history is not all written yet. After making the purchase the Howes Brothers took out her mahinery and sold it for \$15.000, and under the advice of old seamen determined to convert her into a sailing vessel. Numerous changes were made in her hull to prepare her for her new condition, and yesterday she was put upon the dock at Hunter's Point in order that her keel dock at Hunter's Point in order that her keel might be shod. So admirable were all the arrangements that the vessel was docked in a wonderfully short time, to the delight and astonishment of the few people who had received notice of the interesting event.

No sooner was the dock pumped dry and the hull cleared than the carpenters and caulkers to the number of one hundred began their work, which will be completed in five days from datenote the number of one hundred began their work, which will be completed in five days from datenote the first day is 50 cents at on. and 25 cents for each subsequent day. The expense of shoeing the keel and scraping the bottom will then be no less than \$5.00. To fit the vessel for sea as a sailer will cost \$85.00, which makes her worth to the present owners \$127.00. To build a sailing vessel of her size would require the expenditure of a quarter of a million.

I asked Capt. Cummings, who is to command her. "Why did the Howes remove the machinery, and why do they change the Vanderbilt to a sailer?"

"Why," said the Captain, "she is intended for the carrying trade, and as a steamer she would be too expensive. Just think of it; she consumed no less than 150 tons of coal every twenty-four hours. That was an expense of from \$500 to \$700 a day—quite an item."

"Will the Howes sail her under her oid name.

be too expensive. Just think of it: she consumed no less than 150 tons of coal every twenty-four hours. That was an expense of from \$5.00 to \$5.00 a day—quite an item."

"Will the Howes sail her under her old name, Captain?" said I.

"No; she is to be known hereafter as the Three Brothers. The Howes are three in number—George and Jabez, who own the vessel, and Edward, who is a merchant. The men have a remarkable affection for one another, and the vessel was called by the new name as a silent token of their fraternal feeling."

"What are her dimensions, Captain?"

"She is 331 feet long on dock, with 48 feet 6 inches breadth of beam, and 31 feet 9 inches depth of hold, and is the largest salling vessel in the world. She will trade between this port and Liverpool, and will carry 4,500 tons of grain, or 5,000 tons of general cargo. Her timbers are immense. Her mainmast is 90 feet long and 42 inches in dismeter at the deck, and the main yard is 100 feet long."

"Do you think she will make a fast sailer?"

"None to match her, if she is properly rigged. I think she will make twenty-one knots an hour, which was her speed under steam, and as to seaworthiness she will have no equal affect. I don't think any storm will be violent enough to swamp her, and she will be able to wear her flounces in any gale that blows. She sa a splendid craft, sir—a splendid craft."

The Captain tells me that her frame is as sound to day as when the Commodore presented her to the Government in its hour of need. She will be inspected on Monday, and on the 1st of September will begin to take in cargo. Her rigging will they be attended to and when the painters have given her a sombre coat of black she will be ready to sail.

Capt. Cummings is a judy old Scotchman, who coat of black she will be ready to sail.

Capt. Cumming its a folly old Scotchman, who
has sailed American vessels for more than a
quarter of a century. He will be accompanied
on the first younge of the Three Brothers by his on the first voyage of the first Brothers by nis wife and son. His crew will consist of fifty men, and he will be assisted in saling the ship by four subordinate officers. It is thought that the Three Brothers will sail on or about the 10th of November.

Honest John Kelly Dispersing the Conspirstors-Preparing to Go into the Contest

with an Unbroken Front. To the Editor of The Sun. SIR: Since the exposure of the plot of certain men connected with the Tammany Hall Democracy to nullify the influence of honest John Kelly in that organization, the ranks of the conspirators have been gradually thinning out. When the plot was first disclosed, and the gentlemen whose names were mentioned as belonging to the combination hastened to deny that they were connected with it. Mr. Kelly's friends accepted their assurances of good faith, but at the same time they doubted them. The conspirators changed their tactics. They ceased talking about what they intended to do, and were more cautious in their movements. Indeed, so quiet were they and so well did they behave themselves that many of Mr. Kelly's friends thought that the conspiracy did not amount to mach after ail. But there were a few men in Tammony Hall who had assisted Mr. Kelly in purifying the party, and they had no confidence in the professions of the conspirators. These gentlemen went to work quietly to ascertain whether the combination still existed, and who belonged to it. After a thorough investigation they learned that although some of the members had withdrawn from it just after its designs were made public, its most influential members had not abandoned their project. Having satisfied themselves as to the designs of the conspirators, the friends of Mr. Kelly dedied to take no steps to thwart them until they had consuited with Mr. Kelly himself. In the mean time the conspirators quietly developed their plan. They intended to complete the before Mr. Kelly returned, and then if possible to see him before any of his friends talked with him, and reassuring him of their loyalty, throw him off his guard. But fortunately for the party they were disappointed, Mr. Kelly returned hast Monday before their plans were completed, and what makes their case uterly hopeless he was given the full particulars of the conspiracy before the steamer entered her dock.

Althourn Mr. Kelly has been at home but two days, affairs in Tammany Hall have undergone a wonderful change. Already the conspirators have begun to disagree among themselves. Some of those who were very bold while Mr. Kelly was three thousand miles away have suddenly grown weak, and have begun to desert from the rains. The ew who still maintain their ground do so not because they fear the odium which they knew that there were men in the organization who would like to control it for sellish p friends accepted their assurances of good faith. but at the same time they doubted them. The conspirators changed their tactics. They ceased

A Steamer Sunk-Lives Lost.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 27.— The steamer Quickstep arrived at Paducah this afternoon with particulars of the sinking of the steamer Belle Vernon, near Caseyville, Ky., this morning. The Belle Vernon was badly broken and sank to the hurricane roge before the Quickstep could reach her, although in sight and Arriving in twenty minutes. The boat will be a total loss. Several passengers, including ave or six fadles, were taken from the hurricane deck by the Quickstep. They save toothing but their night clothing. One of the engineers and a negro, whose names are unknown, are missing. The Belle Vernon had a full load of freight, most of which will be lost. The boat was valued at \$12,00. She struck the wreck of the Jeanle Howell at four o'clock this morning.

EARNEST MEN IN COUNCIL

THE PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS REBUKING CORRUPTION.

Putting the Addition, Division, and Sileuce Men to Shame-Practical Repudiation of the Salary Grab-President Grant Ar-raigned-The Nominations in Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 27 .- The Democratic State Convention was called to order by the Hon. Samuel J. Randall, Chairman of the State Central Committee. Dr. Andrew Nebinger was unanimously elected temporary Chairman; P. Gray Meek of Centre, C. B. Brockway of Columbia, and A. Fletcher of Philadelphia were made temporary Secretaries. Dr. Nebinger, on taking the chair, delivered a short address counselling harmony in the proceedings. On the question of adopting an order of busi-

ness, as presented by Col. Wright and amended by C. W. Corrigan, a debate of over an hour sprang up, the point in dispute being the man ner in which the contested seats from Philadelphia should be disposed of. The delegation from that city urged that they should be allowed to settle such matters among themselves, but it was finally voted that a committee of one from each Senatorial District be appointed on contested seats. After the selection of committees on resolutions and platforms and permanent organization, the Convention took a recess until 2:30 P. M. to await the action of the Committee on Contested Seats. THE CONTESTED SBATS.

THE CONTESTED SEATS.

At 2:30 o'clock the committee reported Samuel Josephs entitled to represent the Phird Legislative District, Dougherty the Fifth, and William Kendall the Second, and admitted both delegations from Allegheny, each delegation to have five votes. These delegations then named shree of their number to represent them on the Committee on Permanent Organization, and pending the action of that committee the Convention took another recess.

At 4 o'clock the Chairman of the committee, Col. Robert Dechert, read the name of the Hon. R. Mitton Spear for permanent Chairman. At this point A. H. Getz of York interrupted and moved the non-concurrence of the Convention in the report of the committee, so far as a member of Congress, taken the back pay.

The motion and remarks of Mr. Getz were received with great applause by a majority of the Convention.

MR. SPEAB'S DEFENCE.

Convention.

MR. SPEAR'S DEFENCE.

Mr. Spear replied, defending his actions as a public man, pleading his services and featty to the Democratic party, and asking the Convention not to give way to the personal clamor of the hour. He said that he had not sought the honor of presiding over the Convention, but now that the committee had presented his name he hoped that he would not be stabled in the house of his friends.

Messers, R. E. Manahan and W. D. Moore supported the motion of Mr. Getz, and denounced the salary-grab in severe terms.

Messers, C. W. Carrigan and J. Lawrence Gretz spoke in behalf of Mr. Spear. The latter gentieman upheld the back-pay bill, and was hissed from the floor. The sense of the Convention was almost unanimously against Mr. Spear being the permanent Chairman, and be finally, in a short closing speech, withdrew his names, and moved that the name of Dr. Andrew Nebinger be substituted. This was carried, and the committee reported the following mamed persons as Vice-Presidents:

1st District, James Errickson; 2d, Thomas E. Gaskill; 3d, M. J. Stable; 4th, Bernard Keily; 5th, Perceval Baker; 6th, A Knewler, 1th, Jesse W. Angled; 1st, Win, B. Albright; 1st, E. S. Billinger; 12th, William M. Bresse; 1st, E. S. Billinger; 1sth, William M. Bresse; 1sth, E. S. Bernard, Reh, A. R. Anderson, Historical M. R. Anderson, Historical M. Red, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, H. Reed, 4th, Win, London, J. J. Edder, and Win, J. S. Bander, Min, J. S. P. Linger, J. M. J. L

The following were made Secretaries: C. H. Dougherty, James Atwell, B. P. Pullmer, A. B. Barr, S. Foster, Jr., B. M. Neal, C. B. Brockway, G. H. Parmiee, A. N. Fletcher, and P. Gray Meck.

THE NOMINATIONS. THE NOMINATIONS.

On motion of Col. Wright the Convention proceeded to nominate candidates for Judge of the Supreme Court: James R. Ludlow of Philadelphina, James G. Thompson of Philadelphia, J. H. Graham of Cumberland, Wm. Elwell of Columbia, Henry P. Ross of Bucks, and Geo. Barrett bia. Henry P. Ross of Bucks, and Geo. Barrett of Clearfield were nominated.

The first ballot resulted as follows: Ludlow, 26; Thompson, 19; Graham, 18; Elwell, 29; Ross, 26; Harrett, II. The names of Judges Graham and Barrett were withdrawn. The second ballot stood: Ludlow, 71; Elwell, 31; Ross, 29; Thompson, 9. But before the result was announced the delegates commenced changing their votes to Ludlow, and his nomination was made unanimous. For State Tressurer, F. M. Hutchinson of Al-

unanimous.
THE RESOLUTIONS.

The following were adopted:

\*\*Resolved\*\*. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania in State Convention assembled, believing that the platform of the late bemocratic Convention of Ohio is sound in principle, do hereby substantially resolve.

First. That the Democratic party seeks to revive no dead issues, but stands by its principles, which are suited to all times and circumstances. It supports the Federal Government in an its constitutional authority, and opposes multifaction and secession. It defends the reserved rights of the States and people and opposes the centralization that would impair or destroy them, in order to preserve and maintain these rights it insists upon a strict construction of the Federal Constitution. It resists all attempts in this department of the towernment to usurp or destroy the constitutional rights or independence of other departments. It opposes all interference by law with the private affairs or business of men not required by public peace or safety, and advocates the greatest individual liberty consistent with public order. It believes in the capacity of the people for self government, and opposes all property qualifications as conditions to the rights of suffrage or cligicality to hold office. It favors a liberal law for the nuturalization of forteigners. It insists upon equal and exact justice to all usen. It exposes all monopolies, and denies that it is within the province of the towernment to legislate for the bench of particular classes at the expense and to tak deliminated the results of the country is exempted from taxation, and denies that all constitutional necessaries shall be used to remedy its injustice. It recognizes the crisis of an irreductable currency, but insist that in the return to specie payments care shall be taken not to seriously disturb the business of the country, or ucplustly injure the declorer class. It appreciates the benefits conferred by railroads, but opposes all laws to a give to capital any advantage over labor. It requires The following were adopted:

HONESTY AND ECONOMY

HONESTY AND ECONOMY
in every department. Federal or state, and it condemns corruption whose or may be the gunty parties. It is in its very nature, as a necessity result of its principles, a party of progress, and supports all measures of reform and improvements that are sanctioned by justice and commonded by sound practical wisdom.

\*\*Recorded, That the wealth of the country is the produce of its labor, and the best use of capital is that which gives employment and noeral wages to the producing class s. Hence every just measure that tends to protect them from experssion and to improve their condition and dignify their calling deserves and receives our sympathy and support; and that we condaily recommend the conservative resolutions adopted at the recent National Labor Congress at Cleveland, favoring arbitration and cooperation.

\*\*Recorded, That although shaws a large majority of the American people, the agriculturies have never demanded of the Government, State or Federal, any special privilege; have never infested the halls of Congress or the Legislature with hobby its and rings, out, on the contrary, have suffered under discriminating and mights laws until forbearance has ceased to be a virtue. We hereby piedge our sincere and homest efforts to obtain for them a redress of their gricevances and equal and exact justice.

\*\*Recorded,\*\* That the public lands should be sacredly re-

ain for them a redress of their grievances and equal und exact justice.

\*\*Lieuthiest\*\*, That the public lands should be sacredly received for actual settlers, who will dwell upon and chitrate them; and that we will continue to denounce and pipose, as we have allways dehounced and opposed, all lifts of such lands by the Government to incorporated commandes. gifts of such lands by the Government to hecoporated companies. Leading, That the greatest danger of free institutions is the widespreading corruption that threatens the atter destruction of public virtue. When the Credit Mobilier frauds pass inpunsaed; when those engaged in them are elevated to high official position; when seats in the Federal senate are notoriously purchased; when vast sums of money are corruptly, employed in popular elections; when an army of officer diers with the sanction of the Government use their official influence to control elections; when the britery of Custom House officers is an established usage; when

ence to control elections; when the brief of clustom House officers is an established usage; when are the recipients of millions of m.ney appropriated for the rubble use; when official defaucations are of such frequent occurrences as scarcely to excite attention of the property of the proposed of the property of the proposed of the property of the

the repetition of the election frands by which the will of the people, expressed at the ballot-box, has been substrated for some years past, and that the Democratic State Central Committee be directed to use all their efforts to prevent a repetition of the outrages on the franchises of the people; and if in spite of their efforts to secure an houset election the popular will is again fraudulently oversorne, to adopt such measures as will result in the certain vindication of the rights of the legal voters of this Commonwealth.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 28, 1873.

result in the certain vinication of the rights of the legal voters of this Commonwealth.

PRESIDENT GRANT REBURED.

Resolved, That the set of the President in setting up by the bayonet a Covernment in Louisian not chosen by her recipit, such avoing no till what evolution of the certificial constitution.

Resolved, That every department of the Government being is the hands of the Bepublican party, they are justly responsible for the evils and wrongs in legislation and administration of which the country complains.

Resolved, That under the time-honored Democratic hands, we engage in the country complains.

Resolved, That under the time-honored periodic hands, we engage in the conflict, and we estimated to party names or past differences, to unite with us on terms of perfect equality in the struggle to rescue the Government from the hands of dishouest men and redeem it from the flood of corruption which threatens its ruin.

Later in the evening the Convention was ad-

Later in the evening the Convention was addressed by the Hon. Richard Vaux and William H. Wittee. At 11 o'clock it adjourned sine die.

TROUBLE IN MISSISSIPPI.

Colored Opposition to Ames The Negroes who Throw Sevon-Tenths of the Republi-can Votes Want their Share of the Offices— The Blacks and the Carpet-Baggers Fight-ing for Spoils.

orrespondence of The Sun. JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 19.-As the Republican party holds undisputed sway in this State. and as the colored men constitute seven-tenths of that party, the chief interest in the present fight over candidates for the approaching State election centres upon the question of race. There are two wings of the Republican party in this State, both hopeful of securing the nominations for their favorites.

Gen. Ames may be called the carpet-baggers

candidate for Governor. Warner, Welch. and Pease, the acknowledged leaders of the party since Gen. Alcorn's acceptance of a seat in the Senate of the United States, are managing the campaign in Amee's interest, and they have the support of such colored men as Revels, the late colored Senator, now acting Secretary of State, H. C. Carter, an aspirant for the position of Lieutenant-Governor, and others of lesser note. On the other hand, Gov. Powers, the Attorney-General, and the State Treasurer have joined their forces with Bruce, Ireland, Davis, and

On the other hand, Gov. Powers, the Attorney-General, and the State Treasurer have joined their forces with Bruce, Ireland, Davis, and other colored men, to defeat Amea. Bruce is himself a cardidate for Governor. He has been for nearly four years Sheriff of one of the largest negro counties in the State, Superintendent of Schools, and a recognized leader of his race. He is a mulatte, above the average height, of fine presence and dignified deportment.

His strongest competitor among his own color is John Lynch, member of Congress elect from the Natchez District; but it is pretty generally understood that Lynch is satisfied with his approaching honors and emoluments in the House of Representatives, and will decline to be a candidate for the nomination, though it tapilized that the Amea men openly pledge themselves to Lynch in case they cannot nominate their man. This, however, is regarded as a dodge to beat both colored men, and the Amea met do not seem to make much headway in convincing the negroes of their sincerity.

Gen. Alcorn has not taken any active part in these fivaliries, but it is well understood that he is bitterly opposed to Ames; and whether he favors a negro candidate or not, it is understood that his friends will act with that wing with the view of retaining Powers in the gubernatorial chair. Ireland, who is a great favorite with Alcorn, and who is an aspirant for the nomination for Lieutenant-Governor, is the principal colored manager of the canvass against Ames. He is shrewd, energetic, and wealthy, besides being a good speaker and a good-looking man.

The war cry of the colored wing is opposition to carpet-baggers. Ames is regarded as a carpet-bagger of the very worst species, a non-resident, and disqualified to hold a State office. His policy is announced as being expansive and progressive, which mears that he will favor State aid to various schemes of supposed improvements. His opponents arrive in opposition that this share resulted from a determination to make the State a desirable field fo

The negroes when the State was first reconstructed, although they possessed seven-tenths of the political power, were satisfied with the United States Senator for the unexpired term of Jefferson Davis and one office on the State theket—that of Secretary of State. At present they have but one member elect of Congress, and have not received a single first-class Federal appointment for any receiver of their received.

they have but one member elect of Congress, and have not received a single first-class Federal annountment for any member of their race in the State. But this matter of neglect is producing its fruits. The colored people are making up their minds that if the Federal offices are all to go to the carpet-baggers, they must do something for themselves by election. So they have carefully laid out something like an equal division of State offices.

There is a growing purpose among them to elect a colored man to the United States Schate in the next Lexislature. Reveis is an aspirant, but he is not very popular, and the people still remember with humilation the fact that he allowed Redjath to make a monkey show of him by "toting" him around the country to give people a sight at the first colored Senator. Reveis has been President of the Alcorn University since his term expired in the Senate, and has done but little better in that than he did in the Senate. Excels friends are confident that he will be chosen, and Ireland's friends are hard at work for him. Ireland, in having the friendship of Give Alcorn, will find it either a great help or a great hindrance, according as his opposition to Ames turns out in victory or defeat.

Allogether the contest here will be interesting, as the President will doubtless use his influence in favor of Butter's spon-in-law, and the fight will

as the President will doubtless use his influence in favor of Butler's ron-in-law, and the fight will then be one between Grant and the carpet-baggers on the one side, and the native negroes on the other.

tentiary.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.-Alderman John Nichols, who some time ago was convicted of extort

ing exorbitant fines from persons brought before him, but who fled from justice, and was subsequently recaptured, was to-day sentenced to nine months' im-A Prize-Fight on the Cliffs. Last evening Roundsman Curran of the Fifty-ninth street police station, and officer Gallagher of the Eighty-second street police station, sur-prised a crowd of about 500 men assembled on the quarries near Seventy-second street watch-

on the quarries near Seventy-second street watching a prize fight. Climbing unnuticed, they saw Pat O'Reiny and Jim Bruce, laborers, stripped and bleeding from the face, while bets were freely offered to Bruce. The officers stealthy climbed to the scene of action and ordered the principals to desist, one of whom on seeing Curran, hit him on the nose, drawing blood. The crowd of rufflans then made a desperate attack on the officers, who drove them down the rocks and gave chase. At Seventy-second street Yellow MacDonald tripped over a stone and fell. Curran, who was not in pursuit, rolled over him down an embankment into a linealin. The whitewashed roundsman rising, so frightened Yellow MacDonald, who mistook him for a ghost, that Curran easily arrested him. WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The Treasury Depart-ment contemplates stationing a Customs officer in the New York Post Office, to cooperate with the Post-

master in the retention of dutable articles sent through the mails from foreign countries. The duty of the Cus-toms officer, when dutable articles are supposed to be in letters, will be to inform the parties to whom they are addressed that such packages are detained giving the reason therefor. The letters are not to be opened. HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 27.—Despatches just re-ceived from Sidney, C. B., state that a terrible storm of wind and rain has been raging there since Monday, the greatest known at Cape Breton for years.

All the harbors are filled with years is, and the harbors are filled with years is, were griven ashore at sydney. Farmers have suffered heavily. Many buildings were blown down, and the crops throughout the country devastated, and bridges were warhed sway.

Mississippi Republican Stute Convention JACKSON, Miss., Aug. 27.-The Republican State Convention met here to-day. Every county was represented, the colored element preponderating. Gen. Adolbert Ames was nominated for Governor on the first ballot, receiving 187 votes. R. C. Powers, the Lucumbent, received 40 votes. The Lioutenant-Governor and Secretary of State will be colored, no whites offering for these positions.

Wiscousin State Republican Convention. MADISON, Wis., Aug. 27.—The Republican Convention met to-day and nominated C. C. Washburn for Governor by acclamation, R. H. Baker for Lieutenant Governor, E. W. Young for Secretary of State and O. C. Johnson for State Treasurer.

A BANKER'S MELANCHOLIA

SHOCKING SUICIDE IN THE WATER CURE HOSPITAL

The Terrible End of the Vice-President of the Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank of Albany-Bleeding to Death in a Twenty-Second Street Parlor.

Thomas Olcott, a wealthy and estimable itizen of Albany, Vice-President of the Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank of that city, com-mitted suicide in the private water cure thospital at 313 West Twenty-second street, in this city, late yesterday afternoon. His body was ound in one of the parlors of the hospital, surrounded by blood which flowed from a terrible wound in the left fore arm. Life had been extinct nearly two hours, it was supposed, at the time of the discovery. A razor was used in committing the deed. It was found elenohed in his right hand.

The suicide was a patient in the place. He came there from Albany about two weeks ago to be treated for melancholia, caused by a disordered liver. His wife accompanied him here. At ten minutes to 4 yesterday afternoon he left At ten minutes to 4 yesterday afternoon he left his room on the third floor of the hospital, and started for the basement to take his customary daily bath. Mrs. Olcott went with him as far as the bath-room door, where she separated from him. She went up stairs, while he entered the room alone. When he got inside the bathers informed him that he was ten minutes too early for his bath. Whereupon he turned around and went out of the door without saving anything. He was not seen after that. Nearly two hours elapsed, and as he had not returned to his room his wife became uneasy, and went to look for him. At the bath room she learned of his going out; but the bathers could not tell her where he had gone. Her anxious inquiries quickly slarmed the inmates of the hospital, who joined in the search, it was thought he might have stepped out of the building.

FINDING THE BODY.

mates of the hospital, who joined in the search. It was thought he might have stepped out of the building.

After glancing through the reception room and parlor on the first floor, the searchers constitued their investigation up stairs. On reaching the second story they entered room No. 4, at the head of the stairs. Mrs. Olcott opened the door, which was unlocked. She was the first to step into the room, and was followed by William Jensen, a servant, Dr. Sliedfordecker, the director of the hospital, Mr. Goodman, one of the patients, and some other persons. After she had fairly crossed the threshold she turned her eyes hurriedly around the room until they rested on the upper righthand corner. She gazed there a second, and then shricked, "He is killed, he is killed!" The object was her husband. He lay on his right side, with great pools of blood around him. His left arm was bare, and exhibited a ghastly cut just below the elbow. The razor was classed in his right shand, with the blade projecting upward. A green rep ottoman stood in the corner close to his head. His coat hung from it. The blood was thickest on the marble hearth under the mantel. It extended in a broad stream from there to where the body lay, about four feet distant. Mrs. Olcott was carried fainting out of the room. Dr. Shefferdecker examined the body and ascertine body lay, about four feet distant. Mrs. Olcott was still warm, but the blood had ceased running. It was left in the position in which it was found, while one of the young men in the hospital was despatched to the West Twenticth street police station with the intelligence of the tragedy. He met Officer McCabe on his way, and the latter accompanied him. Capt. Cherry and Sergeant Grew visited the hospital, and locked the room to await the arrival of the Corener. Dr. Lee, Coroner Herrman's Deputy, reached the hospital and basilic arteries and all the principal veins at the junction of the elbow had been severed.

MANNER OF DEATH.

It was conjectured that Mr. Olcott had rested his arm on the

pal veins at the junction of the elbow had been severed.

MANNER OF DEATH.

It was conjectured that Mr. Olcott had rested his arm on the marble mantel while he inflicted the cut. He must have pressed the razor into the flesh with terrible force, as the cut penetrated to the bone. After making it he probably walked a few paces and then lay on the carpet with his back to the wall. The hand in which he held the razor was tightly clenched. He wore slippers, and a black vest and pantaloons. A gold chain was suspended from his vest. His face was turned toward the floor. The elegant velvet carpet which covered the floor was soaked with blood in several places. Dr. Leo ordered the body to be put on ice.

Mr. Goodwin, a lawyer on Broadway, who is one of the patients in the hospital, says that Mr. Olcott was subject to liver disease, and that it effected his brain. Mr. Olcott belonged to one of the first families of Albany. He had four young children living there. He was about by yeas of age.

yeas of age.

AN OLD MONRYED INSTITUTION.

The Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank is one of the oldest moneyed institutions in the State, having been incorporated in ISIL. Thomas W. Olcott, the father of the sulcide, who is the oldest banker in the State, was its first cashier, and has been for many years its President. Mr. Olcott entered the institution when a young off entered the institution when a young a, and was connected with it up to the day of death. Both father and son have always been regarded in financial circles as able bank officers, and the success of the institution is at-tributed solely to their perseverence and fore-sight.

A DISGRACE TO A GREAT STATE.

The Horrible Condition in which the University of Pennsylvania was Found.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 27.-The Board of Health inspected the University of Penneylvania, recently bought for a post office, this morning. In the northern portion of the cellar they discovered two compartments, in each of which were six deep vaults, all of which except one were filled with human remains.

From one not quite filled the lid was removed, showing a human body resting on top of a dreadful mass of flesh, bones, &c., with which the pit was well nigh filled. A string was tied to a lamp which was lowered into the pit. The light was extinguished by the foul air.

The party went through the building. At almost every step taken human remains met the eye. Skulls, trunks, arms, legs, hands, and feet were scattered about the building in profusion, and here and there large cylindrical slimp vessels were found full of human remains which seemed to be scattered from roof to cellar.

In the apartment on the upper floor was found the lower baif of a female skeleton, with much of the flesh, muscles, &c., attached. It is said that some years ago, when the authorities of the University made the contract to clean out one of the pits, the contractor was paid \$1,000, and he found it almost impossible to keep men at work till the job was completed, even by paying out nearly \$400 more than he received.

The Addition, Division and Silence in the Philadelphia Morgae. they discovered two compartments, in each of

Philadelphia Morgae.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—The Press, Age, and Inquirer of to-morrow will contain reports of an interview with Dr. H. L. Hodge of the University relative to the late scandal concerning the Coroner's office, the substance of which is the total exculpation of Deputy Coroner John C. Aces, the exposure of the detective department of the city of Philadelphia in this, that their informant and associate, William N. Edgar, has been the only man concerned in the sale, and ground traffic is dead. ground traffic is dead.

The Detective Department to night was made aware of the statement of Dr. Hodge, and is in great nervous excitement. Aderman Beitler hasn't withdrawn his threats of arrest against the absent Coroner, who is in hot hasts on his way from Colorado.

This fact has awarend the axiety of the newspaper press of this city, which will take an active part in his defence and in exposing the perjured statement of his accusers.

There was a fire in Dr. Page's office in Daniel street, Portsmouth, N. H., yesterday, and the building being flooded, the stock of W. W. Henderson was daniaged \$10,000. Yesterday, Frederick Schontone, aged 17, and Michael Kunn, aged 19, were examining a piscol, at 168 Eleventh street, Jersey City. It accidently went off and ble ball entered the latter's right cheek. Some children kindled a fire yesterday in the village of Piscataguog N. H., which caught and partly destroyed a wooden building belonging to the Manchester Print Works. Loss, \$5,000; insured. An incendiary fire in Great Falls, N. H., yesterdy morning, destroyed Silas J. Roberts's barn, with two burses, a cow, and several tons of may. The loss is \$1,30; insurance, \$4.0. Two Betwick fremen, A. Hurd and Charles F. Davis, were run over by their engine after the fire, and it is feared that Davis is fatally instead of the control of the control of the fire, and it is feared that Davis is fatally instead of the control of the contro

SPARKS FROM THE TELEGRAPH.

The Democratic factions in San Francisco are still unable to effect a compromise. Still unable to effect a compromise.

The steam-ships City of London, Weser, Lady Lycett, and Europa have arrived out. The back pay of Senator Morton has been received by Freasurer Spaner from Secretary Golsam, and covered into the Treasury.

George Smith, the conductor on the freight train that collided with the passenger train on the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad, at Montyomery, was arrested and committed to jail on Tuesday in Circleville, One. On Tuesday evening Mrs. Jane Hazlett, aged

42, while taking in some clothes from a high shed at 41 Metrose street, Boston, made a missich and fell into the yard of the next house, receiving trightful injuries, which it is feared will prove fatal. Lathrop, of the Beaverwyck, Albany Club, beat Robinson of the Laureate Club, in a three mile boat race at Albany, yesterday afternoon. When within a half-mile of the starting point on the return Robinson was attacked with vertigo.

GALE ON THE NORTHERN COAST.

Several Fishing Vessels Wrecked-A Norwegian Bark Driven Ashere Narrow Escape of the U. S. Frigate Powhatan.

HALIPAX, Aug. 27 .- Additional accounts of disasters by Sunday's storm continue to come to hand. The gale was severely felt along the western coast. At Kitch Harbor a store was blown down, a schooner driven ashore, and a large number of fishing boats wrecked. At Island Cove several collisions of vessels oc-curred, and a number of fishing boats and whalers were driven ashore and swamped. At

curred, and a number of fishing boats and whalers were driven ashore and swamped. At Herring Cove and along the Gulf shore the ravages of the gale were severe, and the high tide caused much damage at Wallace, where a Norwegian bark, laden with lumber for Great Britain, was blown far up on the flats. Several wharves in Bedford Basin were destroyed, and the tents of the military at Bedford Ritle Range were carried away.

Anxiety is feit for the safety of the steamer Alpha, which left Sydney, C. B., on Saturday night for Halifax, and has not yet arrived. Several schooners left Halifax for Sydney on Saturday, and great fears are entertained for their safety. During the height of the gale in this harbor, the United States frigate Powhatan narrowly escaped a collision with the Alian Line steamship Newfoundland. By good management and dexterous handling of the vessel a serious disaster was avoided.

The steamer Alhambra, from Boston, arrived yesterday morning. She encountered the storm in all its fury in crossing the Bay of Fundy. She left for Charlottetown in the afternoon.

The local Superintendent of the Western Union Company at St. John, N. B., telegraphs:

Our lines have been more seriously damaged by the late gale than in any storm since the famous Saxby gale. The wiree were badly broken between every two stations all the way from Dorchester, N. B., to Plaister Cove. I have not yet received full details, but it will take a week at least to put the lines in good order. Several bridges were carried away. This impedes the repairs a good deal. Under all the circumstances, I think they have done well so tar."

THE BOWERY GAMBLERS.

The Mayor Unwilling to Discriminate between the Games.

The proprietors and attachés of the Bowery gambling houses arrested Wednesday were examined yesterday before Mayor Havemeyer. Mr. Henry Whitestone, the complainant, identified the prisoners as the proprietors of the gambling houses in which he lost his money, and detailed the sums which he had lost in each house. Mr. Price, the prisoners' counsel, offered to prove that the complainant was a thief and a "steerer" for "skin" games, and therefore was unworthy of belief. The Mayor wished only to

unworthy of belief. The Mayor wished only to know whether the places mentioned in the complainant's affidavit were gambling houses.

"Would your Honor hold these men on the uncorroborated testimony of a witness who we are prepared to show is of a bad character?" inquired the prisoners' counsel.

"I have given my decision," said the Mayor. Mr. Michael Knevals, one of the prisoners, said that he was a Custom House inspector, and did not know why he had been arrested. He was not interested in any gambling house, nor did he ever play cards for money.

Here the complainant said that Mr. Knevals owned an interest in the game at 51 Bowery. But in answer to the Mayor, he admitted that he did not know this of his own knowledge.

"I know that a great many Custom House officers frequent gambling houses," said the Mayor. But as there appears to me to be no evidence that Mr. Knevals is interested in any of these houses, I discharge him."

The other prisoners, namely, Redmond McManus, Cornelius Gillen, Charles Rose, Augustin Robbins, Latham Jones, and Samuel Strauss were each held in \$500 ball to await the action of the dirand Jury.

A TESTIMONIAL TO THIERS.

A Handsome Compliment from Frenchmen Resident in America.

Last evening a large and enthusiastic meeting of French citizens assembled in Masonic Hall, Thirteenth street, to present M. Thiers with a testimonial in token of their respect and admiration for himself and Government. Mr. Caylus was chosen President, and Mr. Charles Villa, proprietor of the Courrier des Etats Unis, Secretary. Several delegations from New Orleans and San Francisco were intro-

New Orleans and San Francisco were intro-duced.

Mr. Nolfe of San Francisco, the orstor of the evening, traced the life of M. Thiers through his career as a banker, a historian, a statesman, a President, and a liberator. Alluding to the gov-eroment of France, he said their only govern-ment could be a republic. The audience rose to their feet. The present policy of France was ably criticisd. M. de Broglie and M. Thiers being put face to face, the former was hissed. It is intended to present to M. Thiers a copy of Put-nam's Life of Washington, by Irving, specially nam's Life of Washington, by Irving, specially prepared for the occasion, interleaved with en-gravings and autographs. A list of six thousand names appended to the memorial was read.

THE OLD WORLD'S NEWS.

A Threntened Bread Riot in Paris. PARIS, Aug. 27 .- The high price of bread causes agitation in the populous quarters of this city, out of which it is apprehended that this city, out of which it is apprehended that serious trouble may grow. A special meeting of the Cabinet Council has been called to-day to consider the question. Several members of the Assembly have proposed as a remedy for the evil the immediate suspension of the discriminating duties as to cereals.

Sudden Postponement of a Funeral - The Corpse Coming to Life. WESTMINSTER, Md., Aug. 27.-William A. Matthias, aged 22, died, as was supposed, at 3 o'clock o Matthias, aged 22, died, as was supposed, at 5 o'clock on Sunday evening last, of brain fever. The body was placed on ice, and remained there forty-eight hours. I resterlay when he family had assembled for the functional services was that the skin had assumed a instural appearance, and that the skin had assumed a instural appearance, and that the skin had assumed a instural appearance, and the skin had assumed a instural appearance and the skin had assumed a instural appearance and the skin had assumed a instural appearance and the skin had assumed a skin had a last accounts Matthias was doing well.

Escaped Convicts Caught. Notice having been sent to the Fifty-ninth street station that John Thomas, of 216 Bleecker street had assisted Timothy Mahoney in escaping from Black-well's Island, Detective Levins was detailed to arrest him. At the foot of Fifty-ninth street, seeing a rot tim. At the foot of Fifty-high street, seeing a row-boat drawn to the shore, he say behind the rocks watch-ing its owners. In the evening Thomas and Mainoney-thinking themselves asfe, while preparing to launch the boat, were caught by the detective, who ordered them to go with him. Thomas, watching his opportu-rity, aimed a blow at Levine's heat with an oar, which for the moment stunged him. Recovering, Levins en-gaged the two men and arrested them.

NEW JERSEY.

On Tuesday afternoon Capt. Horace S. Young aged sixty, jumped from a locomotive in Jersey City and was run over and killed by another tasin. Passengers for the Pennsylvania Railroad are unceasing in their complaints respecting the difficulty of gotting any intelligent information about trains in the Jorsey (ity depot. Ladies, especially, are greatly annoyed by the mismangement in this regard. It is frequently impossible to find any one who will undertake to relieve the bewilderment experienced by many strangers on entering the depot, and where questions are answered incorrect information is sometimes given

CURIOSITIES OF CRIME.

Dr. W. F. Lane last evening took to Bellevue Hospital suffus Weihen of 101 Stanton street, who had attempted to commit suicide with Faris green.
Yesterday a quantity of silk and lace worth \$458 was stolen from Stewart, insuburg & harf's store, at 39 Mercer street. One of their clerks, named Jacob C. Jones, has been arrested on suspicion and committed for trial at Jefferson Market.

for trial'st Jefferson Market.

William A. McKenzie of 124 East Twentyfourth street was locked up in the Tombs yesterday for
the money on a check which had been sent from Milwaukee to Mr. William A. McKenzie of Cottage place,
but had been improperly delivered by the mail carrier.
On Tuesday night, near San Juan, South California, eight meu, supposed to be led by Libercio Vasquez, robbed a store of \$500, using violence against the
proprietor named Snyder; they then visited Davis's
intel in the same place, and wantonly nurriered Davis
and two other persons. The murderer secaped.

Vesterday an unknown, man gave Lohanie Yesterday an unknown man gave Johnnie Smith, a hard working boy aged twelve, a horse. Johnnie, who supports his mother, sold the horse to Thomas hunt of 52 Eleventh avenue, who was arrested on charge of Mrs. Ann Shannon for stealing, betective Meciewan of the Fifty-ninth street police station arrested Johnnie last evening.

Patrick I. Means and Manager and Means and Means are set of the property of the property

Patrick J. Meagher and Dennis Meagher, brothers, were arrested yesterday atterns on by Deputy Sheriff Page on an order granted by Jucy 12 balloner the Supreme Court, based on the affidavit of the Supreme Court, based on the affidavit of our distriction of the Supreme Court, based on the affidavit of our the morning of the ith inst., white Maher, a venue. On the morning of the ith inst., white Maher was opening his store, according to affidavit, he was connect upon and beat uninered fail by the brothers. In the moine Maher lost four sont teeth, for which he claims \$5,000 damages. Ban was fixed at \$500 each. On the 9th inst. one Thomas Sadler, who does business as an attorney at 8 is road street, waited into Harrison & Church's furnishing store, at 5:3 Broadway, and bought a quantity of shrits, collars, &c., whose collective price amounted to £2.5, for which he presented them a check on the Fourth National Bank of this city for 80, assuring the firm that it was good. The firm banded him the difference. The articles were then sent to their destination. After a few days the check was deposited with Vermitye & Co, for collection, and they forthwith presented it to the bank and d-manued payment, which was absolutely refused on the ground that Sadler had neither money nor account with them. Sadler had neither money nor account with them.

LIFE IN THE METROPOLIS

DASHES HERE AND THERE BY THE SUN'S REPORTERS.

Prize Pight on a Sidewalk. Late on Tuesday night Charles G. Scott and James Reilly disputed in Edward Kelly's liquor stora, corner of Seventy-ninth street and Third avenue, about paying for some drinks, and agreed to settle it by fight ing. They went to the sidewalk, appointed a referea, and fought a number of rounds, occupying about fiteen minutes. The combat was without a set the sidewalk in the sidewalk and fought a number of rounds, occupying about fiteen minutes. The combat was witnessed from the windows of the tenements in the neighborhood by thousands. Then an officer reached the spot and was told by the barkeeper that the puglists had broken a large pane of glass valued at \$10, and that they were fighting to determine which should pay for it. They were arrected, but Scott broke away and fied through Seventy-eighth street. After a lively chase he was recaptured, and with Boilty taken to the police station. Scott was yesterday arraigned at the Yorkville Pohec Court, but the complainant failing to appear, Justice Coulter discharged him. Bedly for some singular reason was not taken to court.

A Breach of Promise Suit. Sussman Reinhardt was arrested yesterday Suseman Reinhardt was arrested yesterday afternoon by Deputy Sheriff Farley on an order granted by Judge Daniels of the Supreme Court, on the affidavit of Mise Frederika Augusta Gesska. It is slieged that Mise Gesska became sequainted with Reinhardt Nov. 15, 1972; that after a short acquaintance he asked her to be his wife, to which she replied affirmatively, and Feb. 3, 1973, was set down for the day of the marriage. Heinhardt has ever since persistently refused to make good his promise. Hence the arrest. Mise Gesska claims \$10,000 for her wounded affections. Ball was fixed at \$3,500.

Two Widows.
Peter Harrison of Highland Falis died in that place on Tuesday, leaving a wife and one child. Yes-terday afternoon a lady arrived in Highland Falls, and made inquiries about him. Upon being informed of his death, she announced that she was his first wife. his death, she announced that she was his first wife. She said that she was married to him hve years ago and had since lived with him in New York, and that about four years ago he made frequent visits out of town, saying that he had been npon a visit to his mother at Sing Sing. She said that he had been absent the last fortnight, and she had spent all of yesterday as Sing Sing is making fruities inquiries for him.

Sing Sing Convicts Recaptured.

At about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Clark and Van Houten, the missing Sing Sing State Prison convicts, were recaptured by Officers Dixon and Sullivan. They were discovered under the old store house under the north end of the prison. The general rule is to keep the gnards and keepers on the slert for ten days after an excape, and if the prisoner has not by that time been recaptured the vigilance is relaxed. The men had prepared themselves with provisions, &c., sufficient to last that number of days. They had provided themselves with a keg of bread, and a quantity of water.

Capt. Dumont's Error. On Tuesday a process was issued against the schooner Henry Carloff for violation of contract in reschooler Henry Carioff for violation of contract in re-fusing to pay towage fee. Deputy Marshai Silvy boarded her in Buttermilk Channel as she was about to sail, and read the process twice to the Capitain, who re-plied that he must to look out for himself. Silvy sat down and the Capitain, John Dumont, struck him. Thea the crew tried to throw him overboard, but finally put him in a small boat and seat him ashore. Silvy pro-cured and and pursued the vessel, With axes in their hands they boarded her and arrested the Capitain.

Who Pockets the Difference? At the plumbers' meeting last night twentyfive men who are employed on the new Post Office said
that they went to work with the understanding that
they were to be paid by the hour, but that instead they
had been employed ten hours a day and paid only but
the society's price for eight hours. The society will
order a strike if this abuse is not remedied.

THE LATEST TROTTING NEWS.

Lowell Races.

Lowell, Aug. 27.—To-day was the opening day of the Lowell Trotting Association. The weather was all that could be dosired, and the track was in good condition. The attendance was very fair.

First race, for horses that have never boat 2:54; purse \$30; \$100 to first, \$60 to second, \$40 to third. Race was won by Blacksmith Maid in three straight heat, Time, 2:48, 2:44, 2:444. Peter Simple was second, and Yellow Girl third.

Second race, purse \$30; \$150 to first, \$100 to second, \$60 to third, \$40 to fourth; for horses that have never heaten 2:22. This was a hotly contested race. John Franklin won the first two heats. Royal Mike and Carthage Boy were distanced in the second heat. Frank Paimer won the third, fourth, and fifth heats.

Time, 2:354, 2:364, 2:37, 2:354, 2:37 Dean took money, Franklin third, and Commodore Nutt for

Good Sport in Pittsburgh. PIFTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 27 .- The first meeting of the Friendamp Park Association took place to-day. The first race was for a purse of \$1,500 for horses that have never beaten 2:50. Seven horses started, and the race was won by Kitty D in three straight heats. Time, 2:36, 2:36, 2:33; The second race for a purse of \$2.00 was won by Siow Go in three straight heats. Time, 2:35, 2:34, 2:35, 3.

Lively Races in Middletown. was won by Geo. B. Daniels in 2:43, 2:85, and 2:35%. The 2:34 race was won by Mystic in 2:35%, 2:33, and 2:35% Thursday's races—One for 2:36 horses, with six entries, entire, and one for 2:26 horses, with six entries.

Making the Dust Fly in Waverly. There was a throng in Waverly, N. J., yesterday to see the trut, best two in three, for a purse of \$1,000. The first heat was won by A. A. Enstein's horse Harry Cook. Then Frank Page's Lady Jane took three straight heats and won the race. Her time was 2:46%.

A Race Between a Man and a Horse. afternoon, the race between Lapman Pike of Baltimore the Baltimore Base Bail Club, and the trotting hera-Clarence, distance one hunded yards, for \$259 a side, was easily won by Pike. The horse had twenty-five yards star:

One Hundred Head of Cattle Drowned. SHERVEPORT, La., Aug. 27.—Last night the steamer Ruby, with 182 head of cattle on board, bound for New Orleans, swamped at the cattle pen below the city. The boat is w total loss. One hundred head of cattle were drowned.

HOURS OF LEISURE.

John Scott Guard pienie, East River Park, to-Seventeenth annual games of the New York Caledonian Club, at Jones's Wood, September 4. Summer night's festival of Company D. First Battalion N. G. S. N. J., Germania Garden, Hoboken, The committee on the Matthew T. Brennan harbeeve met yesterday afternoon and completed their final arrangements. The festival is set down for Tuck-day, Sept. 16, in Lion Park.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Max Strakosch and Signor Muzio arrived last evening by the Russia. The coal combination made a still further ad-vance in the prices yesterday. The body of an unknown sailor was found in the bay, near Staten Island, last night. the bay, near Staten Island, issenight.

The Workingmen's Central Council announce a mass meeting in Cooper Institute to merrow night.

Bridget Hare fell from a fourth-story window esterday at 5 Dover street, and escaped with slight institute. W. C. Johnson, 7 years old, of 343 Eighth street, was drowned in the East river yesterday. Body re-An application was yesterday made by Capius H. Read to Justice Daniels for a Receiver of the Kanswha Coal and Oil Company.

In the Fenian Brotherhood's Convention yesterday, it was reported that twenty-one new circles had been formed with four thousand members. Peter S, Anderson of New York, who was a seaman on the schooner Francis Satterly, arrived yea-terday, died on the voyage from Matanzas, and was buried at sea. William Alcod, aged 5, of 15 Roosevelt street, ran through a show window yesterday, breaking a large pane of glass, and was cut so severely as to necessitate his remova, to the Park Hospital. his remova, to the Park Hospital.

The Sanitary Company, under Capt, Yale, compelied the occupants of the cellar 78 New Chambers street, used as a longing house, to vacate the premise yesterday. Eight beds were removed.

A committee from the Merchants' Protective Association made an argument in favor of the respect Association made an argument in favor of the repeat of the permit ordinance before the Assistant Aider-men's Committee on Ordinances yesterday. Mary Cummings, a child aged four years, while playing in the yard of her residence, 24 East Fifty in the street, yesterolay, had her skull fractured by a brick which was accidentally thrown from the roof by John Casey of Ris Same street.

Casey of 315 same street.

Dr. Elisha Harris says that New York may congratulate herself on the fact that marriages are again becoming fashionable. The statistics of the year show a proportion of 19 to 1400 per month, whereas is England there were not 105 to the 1000.

Gov. Dix has written to Mayor Havemeyer declaing to furnish rifles for the police, saying that there is no authority for so doing, as the police torce is not a mintary body; that he doubts whether such an organization is authorized by the city's charter, and that he existing mode of putting down resistance to the laws to be in all respects the wiscet and safest.

Messars, James A. Briggs, S. G. Hadley, and J. Messrs. James A. Briggs, S. G. Hadley, and J. S. Fewler, the State Assessors appointed to equalize the fallusions of property in the several counties of the State, visited the Tax Commissioner's office yeaterday. They declared their intention to examine the assessment rolls of the real and personal estate of the city next Wednesday.

In the suit of Jas. J. Traynor, President, and the trustees of the St. Patrick's Mutual Alliance Association against William O'Connell, Financial Secretary, and Jeremish Crowley, Treasurer, Judge Dameis has decided to make the lajunction permanent, restraining them from receiving further moneys, and directing them to pay over those already received to the trustees of the said St. Patrick's Alliance Association.